



Creating for the Future

いま、あたらしいことを。いつか、あたりまえになることへ。

Q2 FY2025 Small Meeting

December 15, 2025

SWCC Corporation

TSE PRIME: 5805

Today's Agenda and Speakers

1. Q2 FY2025 Overview of Financial Results



**Executive President
and Representative
Director (CEO)**

Tetsuo Komata

2. Growth Strategy for the Energy and Infrastructure Business



**Senior Executive Officer,
Supervising Business
Segments**

Yukio Kawase



**Executive Officer,
Chief of the Energy and Infrastructure
Business Segment,
President and Representative Director,
Showa Furukawa Cable Co.,Ltd.**

Shiro Moriguchi

1. Q2 FY2025 Overview of Financial Results

Key Points of the Financial Results for Q2 FY2025

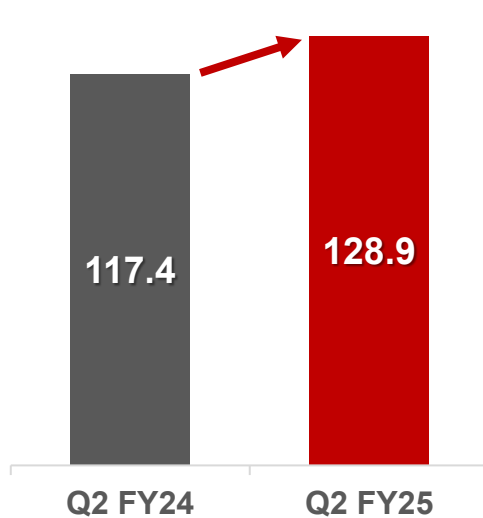
Q2 YoY Change

Despite a decline in domestic demand for Construction Cables, **net sales and profits increased**, driven by strong performance in the Power Infrastructure as well as the Communication and Mobility businesses.

Net sales

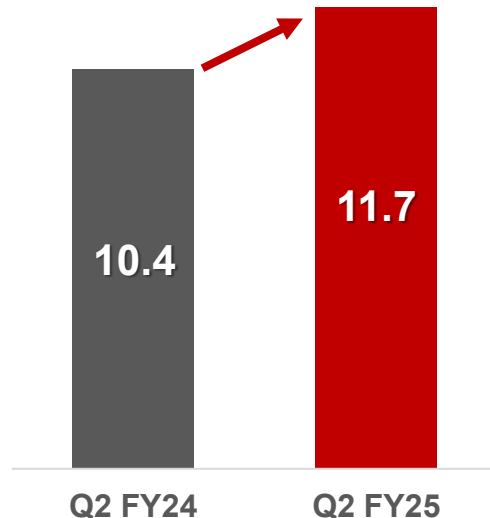
(Unit: Billion yen)

Up
9.8%



Operating profit

Up 11.9%



Q2 Progress rate

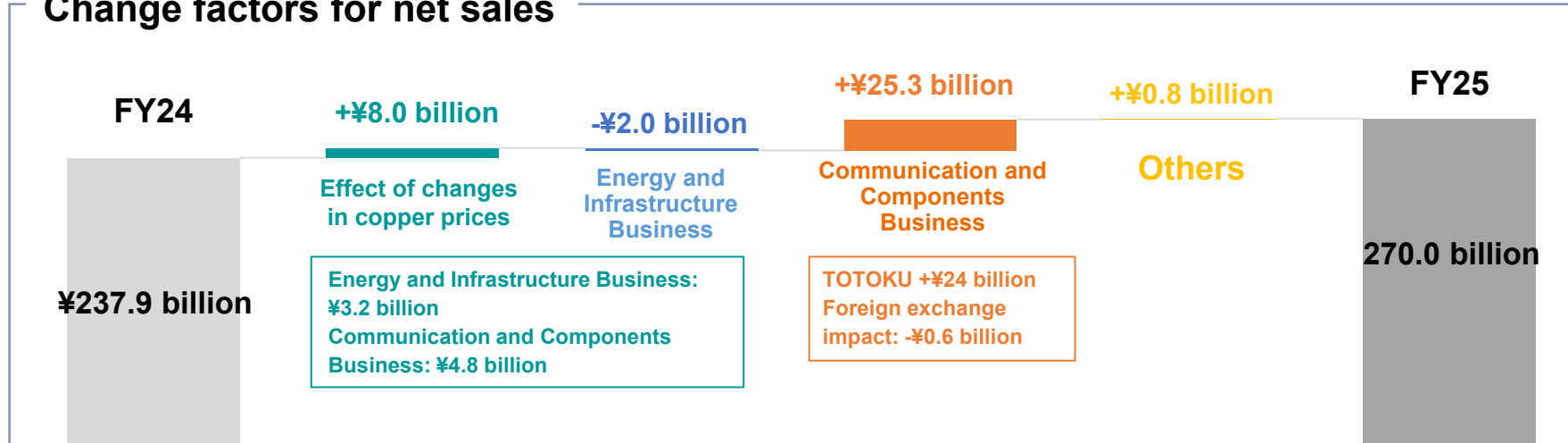
In light of the strong performance in the first half, the full-year plan was revised upward.

Both sales and profits are progressing at a pace exceeding historical averages against the revised plan.

(Unit: Billion yen)	Revised full-year plan	FY20-24 Avg. progress rate	Q2 Progress rate
Net sales	<u>270.0</u>	47.3%	47.7%
Operating profit	<u>26.0</u>	41.5%	44.8%

FY2025 Full-year YoY Change Factors (After Upward Revision)

Change factors for net sales

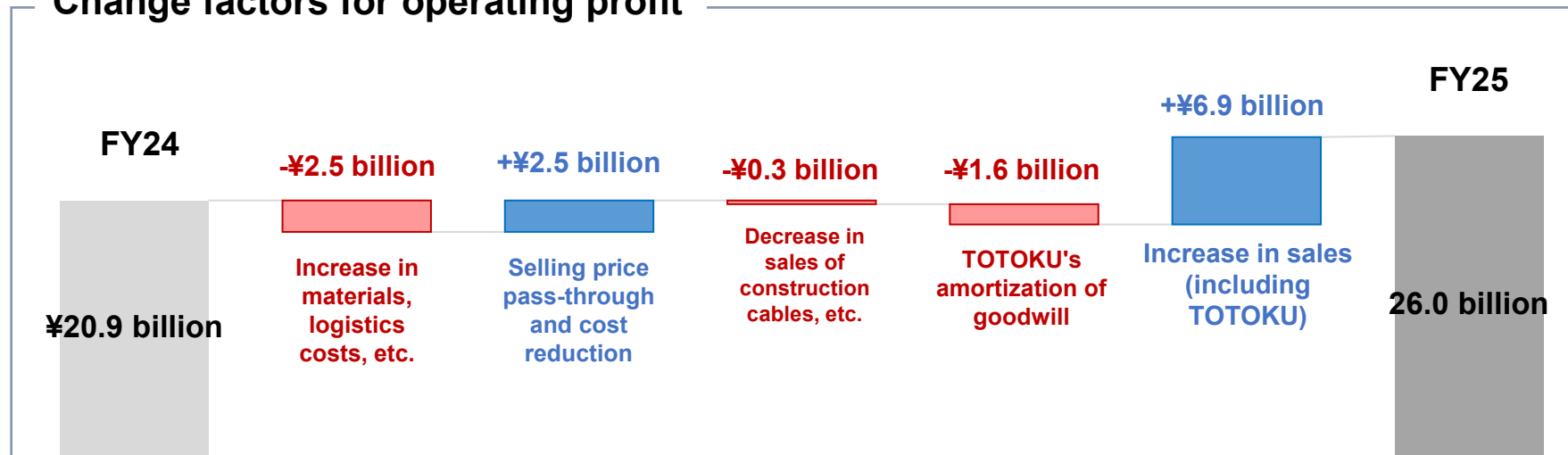


[Change factors]

1. Net sales

While demand for construction-related products declined due to the increasingly severe labor shortage in the construction industry, **higher sales are expected, supported by strong demand in Power Infrastructure, Communication Cables, and the Mobility business.**

Change factors for operating profit



2. Operating profit

Rising costs were offset through price pass-through measures and cost reductions. The decline in Construction Cables was smaller than initially expected at the beginning of the fiscal year. In addition, amortization of goodwill and other items following the Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) of TOTOKU remained within initial assumptions. As a result, **profit growth** is expected, **driven by sales expansion in growth businesses and improvements in profitability.**

Q2 FY2025 Consolidated Statements of Income

The decline in Construction Cables sales initially anticipated at the beginning of the fiscal year recovered from Q2 onward. Performance in the Power Infrastructure Business during the first half significantly exceeded expectations, and the Communication Cables Business also performed well. Accordingly, the full-year plan was revised upward.

(Unit: Billion yen)	Q2 FY24 Results	Q2 FY25 Results	YoY %	FY25 Full-year Plan (Initial)	Progress rate %	FY25 Full-year Plan (Revised)	Vs. initial plan
Net sales	117.4	128.9	9.8%	260.0	49.6%	270.0	
Operating profit	10.4	11.7	11.9%	24.5	47.6%	26.0	Up 6%
Operating profit margin (%)	8.9%	9.0%	—	9.4%	—	9.6%	
Ordinary profit	7.1	11.3	59.3%	23.5	48.1%	25.0	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	3.6	7.3	104.1%	15.0	48.7%	16.0	Up 7%

Q2 FY2025 Profit and Loss Statement by Segment

(Unit: Billion yen)		Q2 FY24 Results	Q2 FY25 Results	YoY %	FY25 Full-year Plan (Initial)	FY25 Full-year Plan (Revised)
Energy and Infrastructure Business	Net sales	63.5	61.1	-3.7%	124.0	130.0
	Construction Cables	41.3	37.7	-8.6%	74.0	79.0
	Power Infrastructure	18.8	20.3	7.5%	43.0	44.4
	Seismic Isolation/Others	3.4	3.2	-6.5%	7.0	6.6
	Operating profit	7.9	8.6	8.5%	17.0	18.2
	Operating profit margin (%)	12.4%	14.0%	—	13.7%	14.0%
Communication and Components Business	Net sales	50.7	64.5	27.3%	128.0	132.5
	Communication Cables	13.9	15.7	12.8%	29.9	33.0
	Mobility and Semiconductor Applications	17.3	23.9	38.0%	49.3	49.0
	Industrial Applications	19.5	24.9	28.0%	48.8	50.5
	Operating profit	2.5	3.1	20.3%	7.8	7.8
	Operating profit margin (%)	5.0%	4.8%	—	6.1%	5.9%
	EBITDA margin (%)	7.2%	8.7%	—	10.1%	9.8%

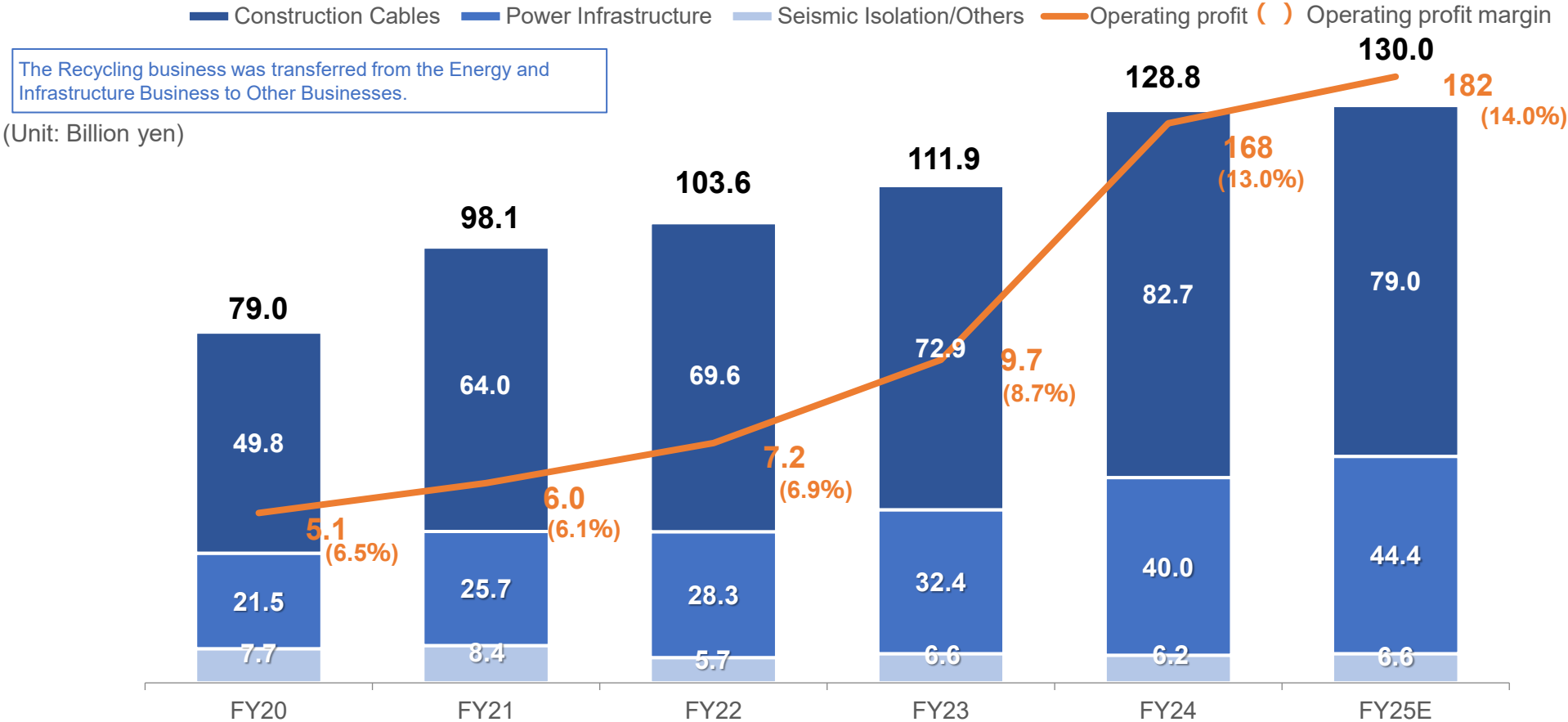
FY2025 Business Environment Outlook (After Upward Revision)

		H1	H2	Full-year
Results and plan	Operating profit	¥11.7 billion	¥14.3 billion	¥26.0 billion
	(YoY)	(11.9%)	(36.4%)	(24.2%)
	Operating profit margin	9.0%	10.2%	9.6%
	Dividend	¥90 (Increase by 10 yen vs. the plan)	¥110 (Increase by 10 yen vs. the plan)	Full-year: ¥200 (Payout ratio: 37.0%)
Business Environment Outlook	Construction Cables	The sharp decline seen in Q1 recovered in Q2.		In the second half, shipments are expected to recover to the levels assumed in the plan.
	Power Infrastructure	Demand from electric power companies remained stable under the revenue cap system, and margin expanded as a result of enhanced product value-added across the Power Infrastructure business.		Strong demand for Power Infrastructure from both electric utilities and private-sector customers led to increased production of SICONEX® and further progress toward de facto standardization, resulting in market share expansion.
	Communication Cables	Sales of e-Ribbon® for AI data centers in North America remained strong. Demand for high-grade LAN cables continued to expand.		Capacity expansion for e-Ribbon® products targeting AI data centers in North America supported further market share growth, while demand for high-grade LAN cables continued to grow.
	Automotive	Domestic automobile production continued on a recovery trend. High-performance products for xEVs performed well, particularly in Europe, while seat heaters remained steady in line with the plan.		While strong demand for high-performance products for xEVs is expected to continue, seat heater demand softened due to customer inventory adjustments.
	Semiconductor	Demand was impacted by inventory adjustments by end customers.		Going forward, a recovery in end-market demand, combined with expanded sales to the Chinese market, is expected.

2. Growth Strategy for the Energy and Infrastructure Business

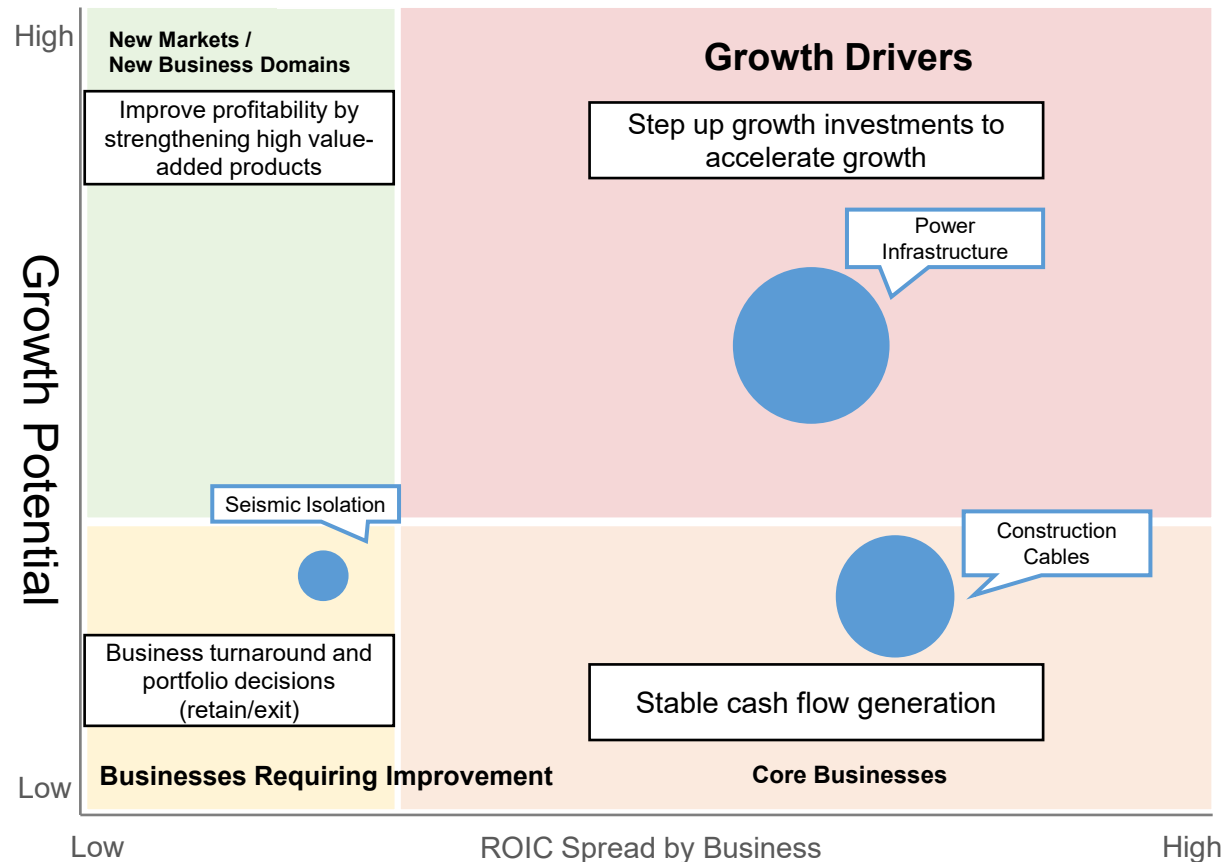
Energy and Infrastructure Business: Trends in Sales and Operating Profit Margin

Although sales in the Construction Cables business have been sluggish due to project delays caused by labor shortages in recent years, **operating profit margin improved significantly**, driven by the transformation of the Construction Cables business into a cash-cow business and strong performance at the Power Infrastructure Business, centered on SICONEX®, along with various initiatives to enhance profitability.



Portfolio Management of the Energy and Infrastructure Business

Energy and Infrastructure Business Portfolio



ROIC Calculation for the Group

ROIC by business = After-tax operating profit ÷ Invested capital (working capital + non-current assets)

Business Portfolio Management

[Power]

- Accelerate growth by increasing production of our strategic product, SICONEX®, and expanding installation workforce capacity
- Expanding solutions to address the challenges faced by electric power companies

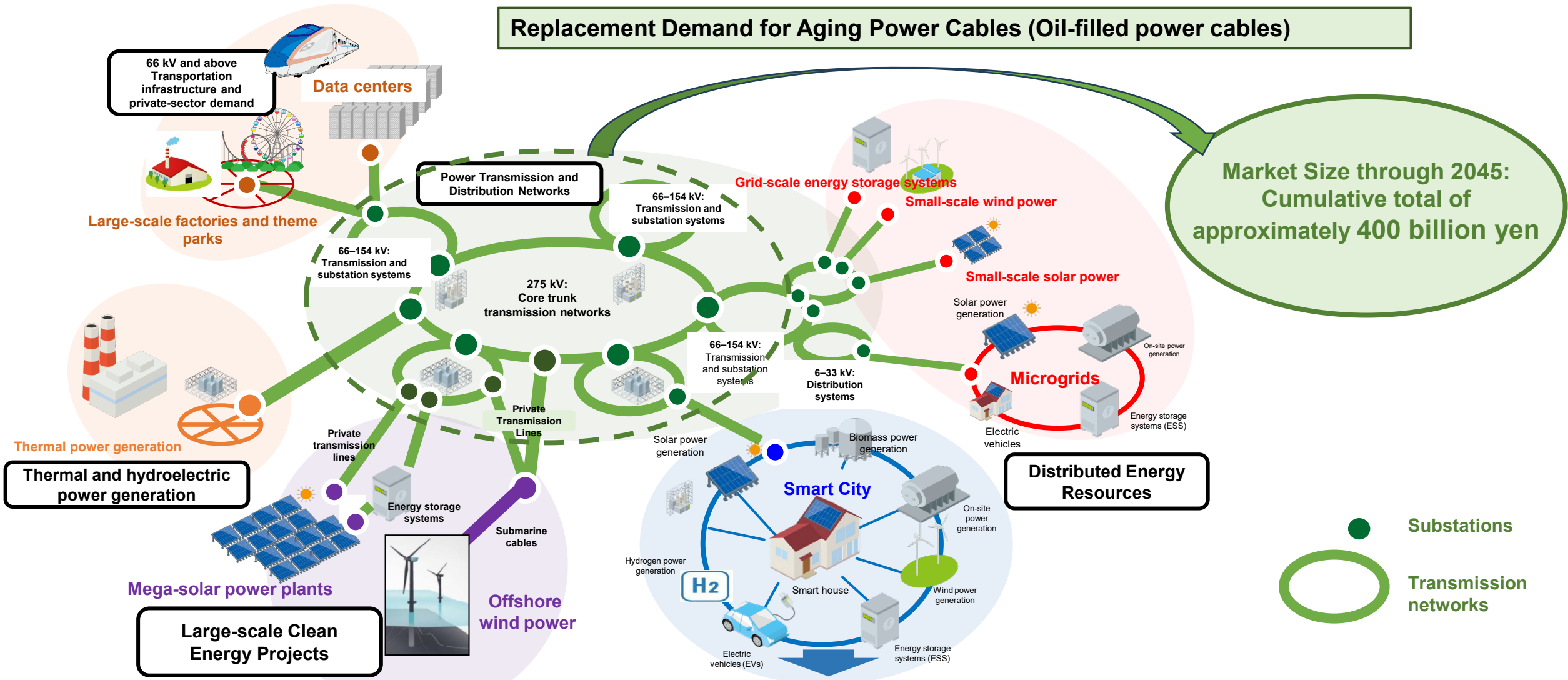
[Construction]

- Enhance earnings power through DX initiatives and further strengthen this cash-cow business

[Seismic Isolation]

- Exit the business as growth and profitability are expected to decelerate

Share Acquisition Strategy Leveraging Our Competitive Advantages in the Power Infrastructure Market



Expanding Share in the Power Infrastructure Market by Leveraging Our Competitive Advantages

■ Replacement of aging power cables (oil-filled cables) is essential

Continuing
through 2045

Challenges in
Power
Infrastructure

Shortage of construction labor source
(market expands while workforce
declines)

Construction work is time-consuming
(highly complex work)

Difficult to maintain and manage power
facilities (hard to track product history for
power cables, etc.)

Our Solutions

(1) Easy-install cable:
“e-Cable™”

(2) Strengthen installation
capabilities: training system
“SICOPLUS”

(3) Labor-saving construction
through new installation methods

(4) Apply 2D codes to products

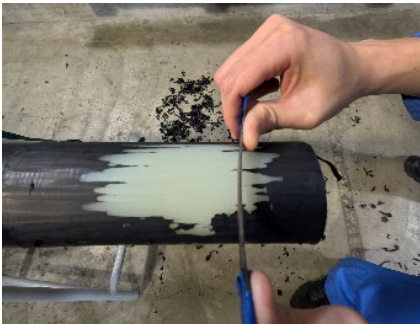
Growth Strategy for the Power Infrastructure Business: **(1): Easy-install Cable “e-Cable”™**

As demand expands due to replacement of aging facilities and reinforcement of transmission and distribution networks, **labor shortages have become a major challenge.**

By leveraging the SICOPUS training program and expanding our easy-install cable lineup, we enable labor savings and reduced skill dependency even at higher voltage classes.

Key Features of Easy-stripping cable “e-Cable”™

Conventional power cables of 66 kV and above



Previously, highly advanced processing skills were required, involving precise circular stripping using sharp tools.

“e-Cable”™

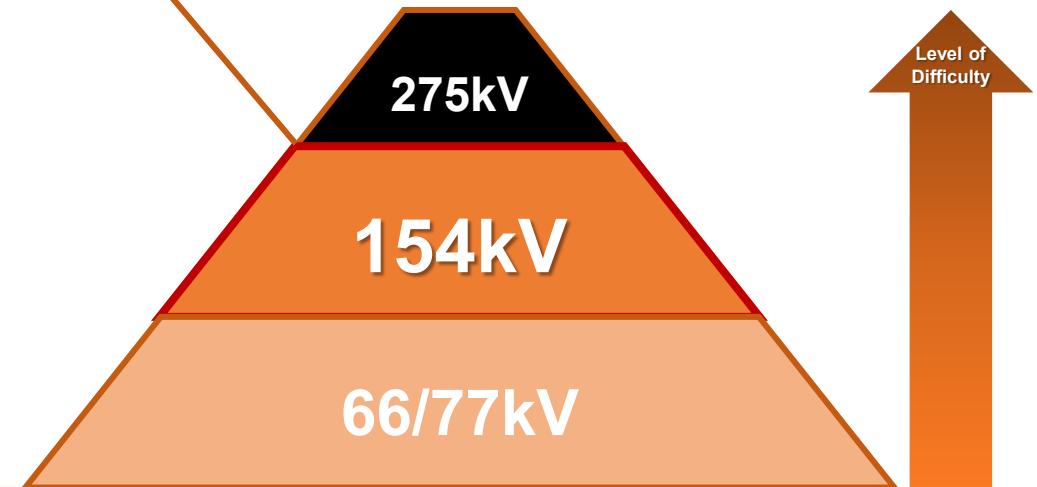


- Simplified work processes **significantly shorten the skill acquisition period (training period reduced from three years to three months).**
- Work time reduced to **approximately one-quarter** of the conventional process

November 2025

New Brand Strategy: e-Cable™

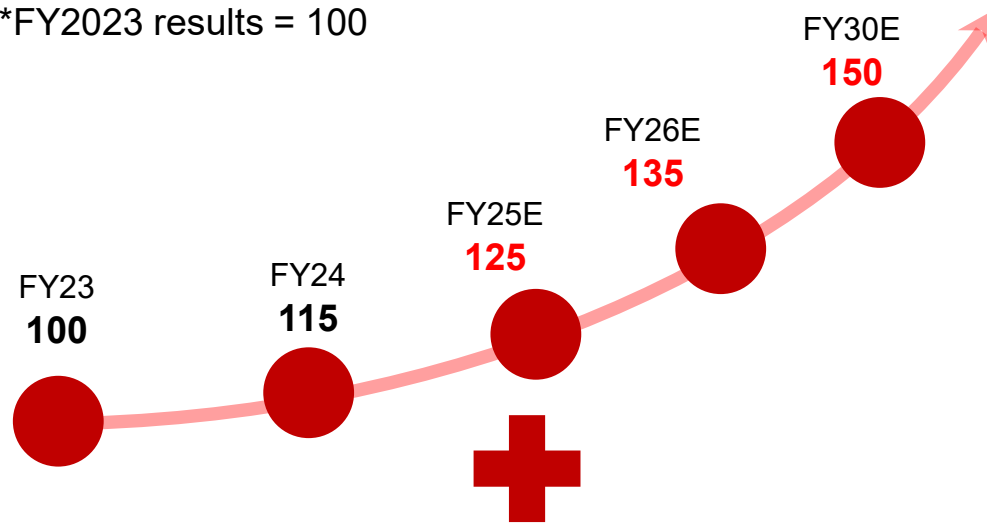
Expansion of the easy-install power cable lineup from the conventional 66 kV class to 154 kV



Growth Strategy for the Power Infrastructure Business: (2) Strengthening Installation Capabilities: SICOPLUS

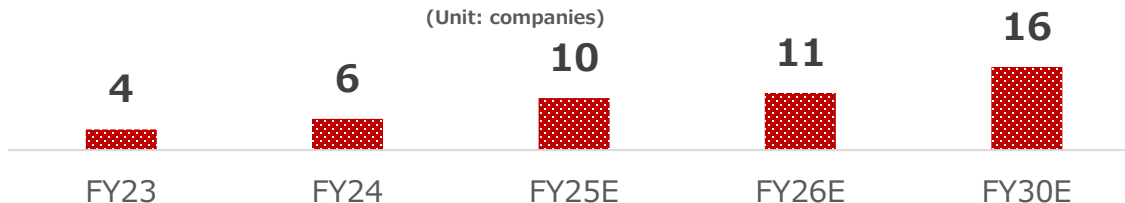
Installation Workforce Plan

*FY2023 results = 100



Nationwide cooperation with installation companies

Trend and Forecast of the Number of Installation Partner Companies
(Unit: companies)



Sales by voltage in the
Power Infrastructure
domain

Extra-high
voltage domain: 275 kV

20%

154kV~

80%

Special high-voltage
domain: 66/77 kV

SICOPLUS

In-house
installation
workforce



SWCC GROUP
Creating for the Future



Shift of in-house installation workforce toward
extra-high voltage

Partner
company
installation
workforce

Nationwide partner network



Growth Strategy for the Power Infrastructure Business:

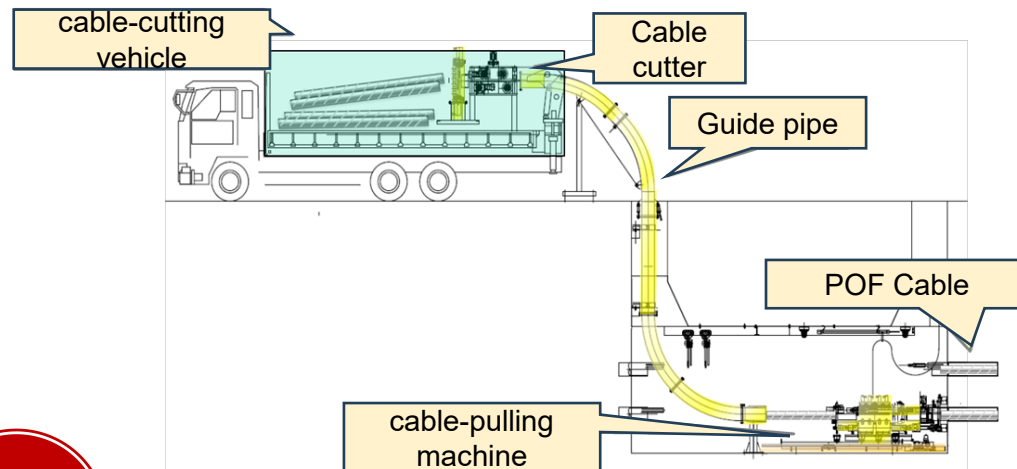
(3) Labor-Saving Construction through New Installation Methods

Three-phase Simultaneous Pull-out Method for Oil-Filled Cables

Need: Removal of oil-filled cables

Challenges

- (1) Frequent disruptions due to road restrictions during construction
- (2) One-by-one removal results in long construction periods and high costs
- (3) Risk of environmental contamination from oil spillage on roads
- (4) Large-scale pull-out systems require a large number of workers



Effect

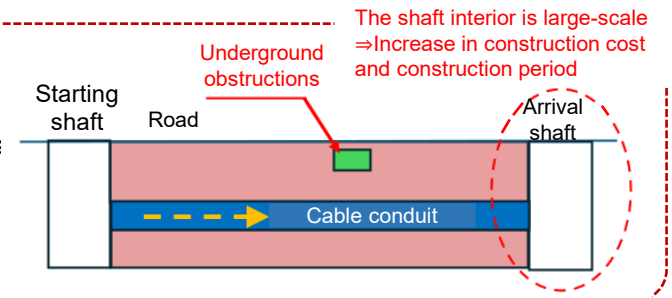
Construction period reduced by approximately 40%;
Construction costs reduced by approximately 20%

Arc-shaped HDD (Horizontal Directional Drilling) Method

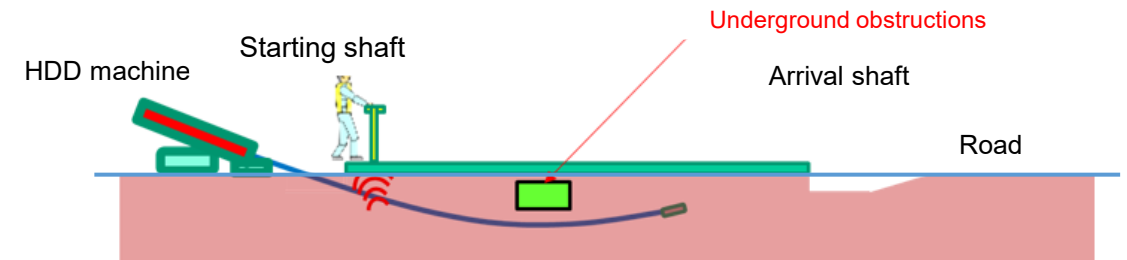
Need: Installation of underground conduits without open-cut excavation

Challenges

While thrusting methods are widely used when open-cut construction is not feasible, construction periods and costs are high.



HDD Method (the newly developed construction method)



Effect

Significant reduction in both construction period and cost

Growth Strategy for the Power Infrastructure Business:

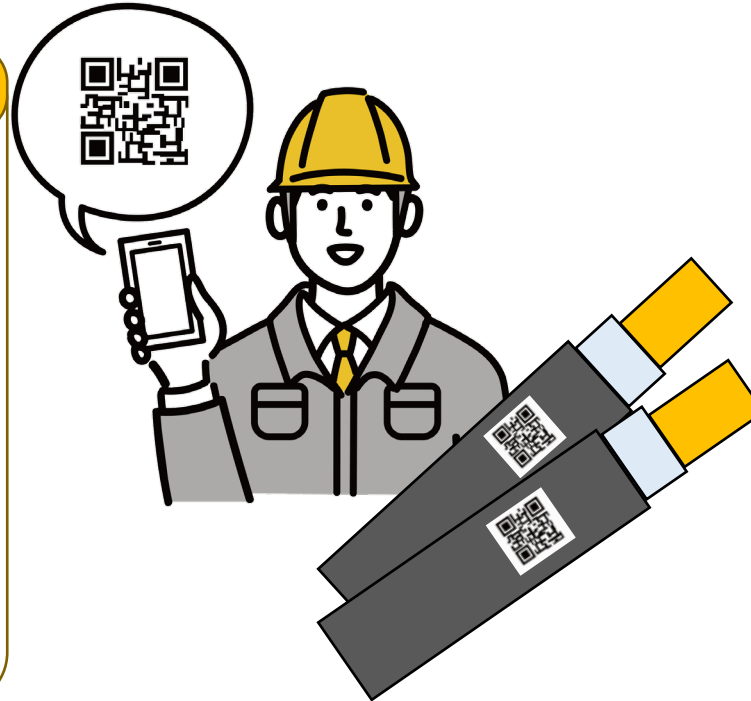
(4) Applying 2D Codes to Products

We have introduced two-dimensional codes with proprietary identification information directly onto products. We are also developing a dedicated smartphone application to read this information.

Background for Introduction

- ✓ Increase in equipment installations driven by replacement demand for power cables
- ✓ Difficulty in identifying product history from external appearance during maintenance and inspections after installation
- ✓ Worsening labor shortages

⇒ Operations are complex and time-consuming



Key Features

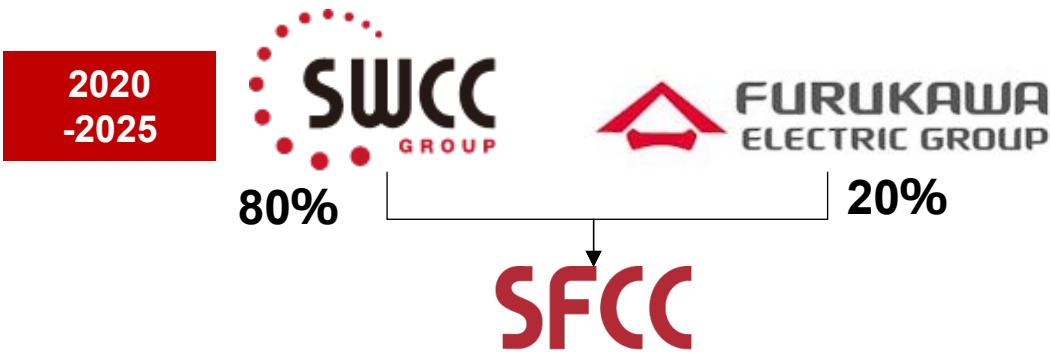
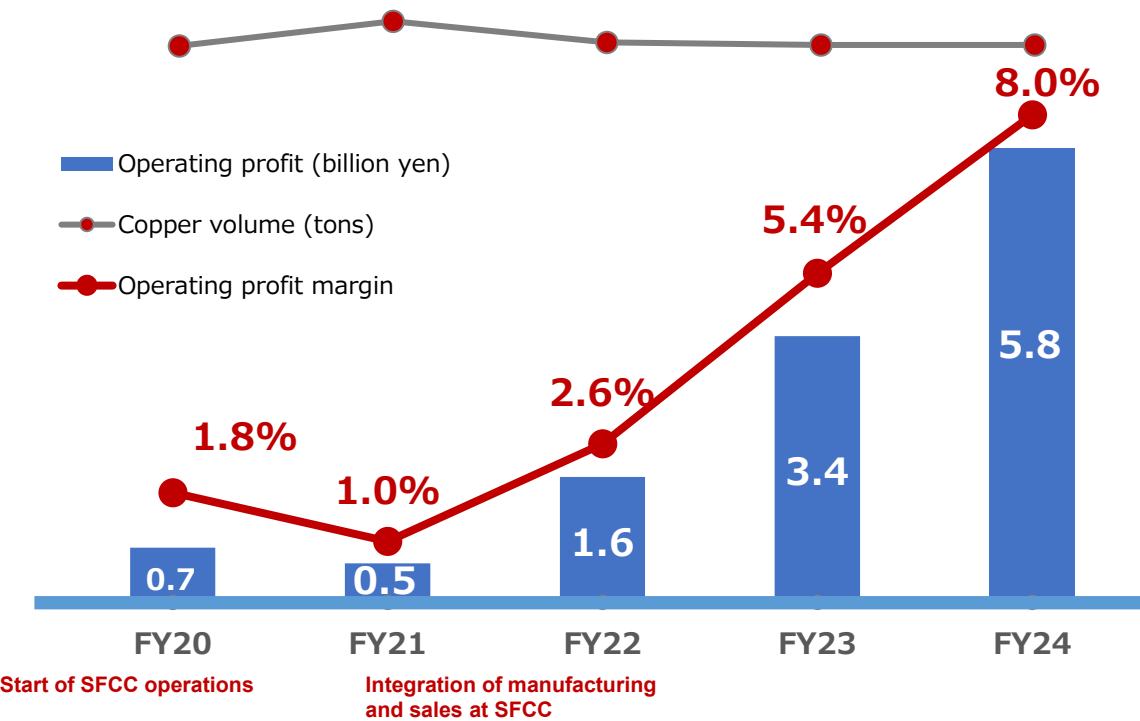
- Continuous printing of 2D codes with product identification information on the cable sheath surface
- Immediate identification of product name, cable length, installation location, and manufacturing records
- Improved convenience in record management and product traceability

⇒ Enables more efficient operations and helps mitigate labor shortages

<Future Development>

We will expand this initiative beyond power cables to other products and provide applications that allow customers to check product information and maintenance histories.

Further Transformation of the Construction Cables Business into a Cash-Cow



From March 31, 2026 onward



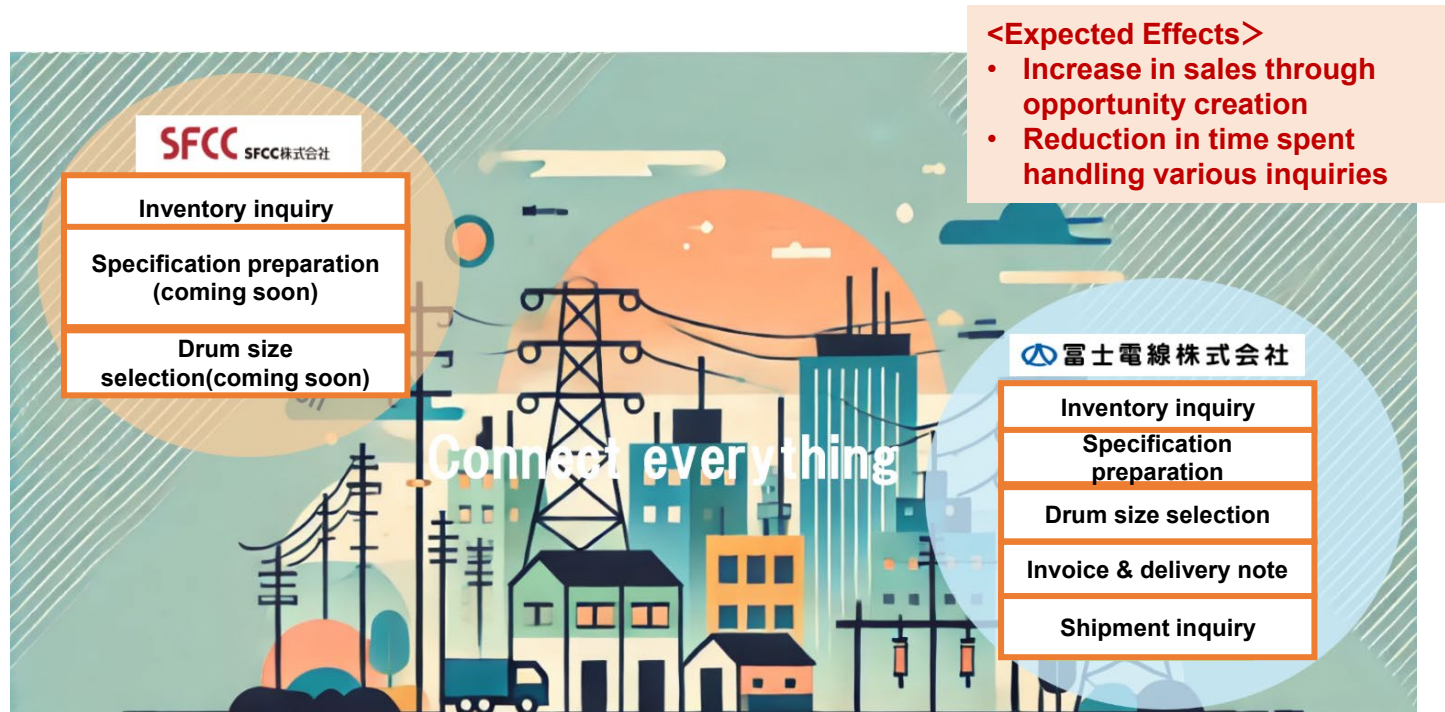
- Consolidation of Group management resources and faster decision-making
- Enhancement of customer support services and workforce optimization
- Strengthening competitiveness through continuous structural reforms

Promoting DX initiatives to transform the business into a cash cow

Profitability	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25E
CCC	103 days	82 days	72 days	73 days	70 days
Inventory turnover days	45 days	42 days	42 days	45 days	40 days
ROIC	3.6%	8.6%	14.3%	21.9%	21.5%

Growth Strategy for the Construction Cables Business: Further Cash-Cow Transformation through the Use of DX

By developing an EC platform, we aim to improve customer convenience, acquire new customers, and expand market share. In addition, we will create new order opportunities through joint purchasing of Group products and optimize human resources by reducing operational workloads.



Through collaboration between SFCC and Fuji Electric Wire, mutual links between EC sites will be launched in October 2025.

Convenience of the EC Platform

- Group products available for purchase
- Real-time data access available

Centralized management of the entire lineup of Group construction cables

- Inventory availability
- Delivery lead times
- Delivery status



Pursuing overwhelming convenience compared with competitors

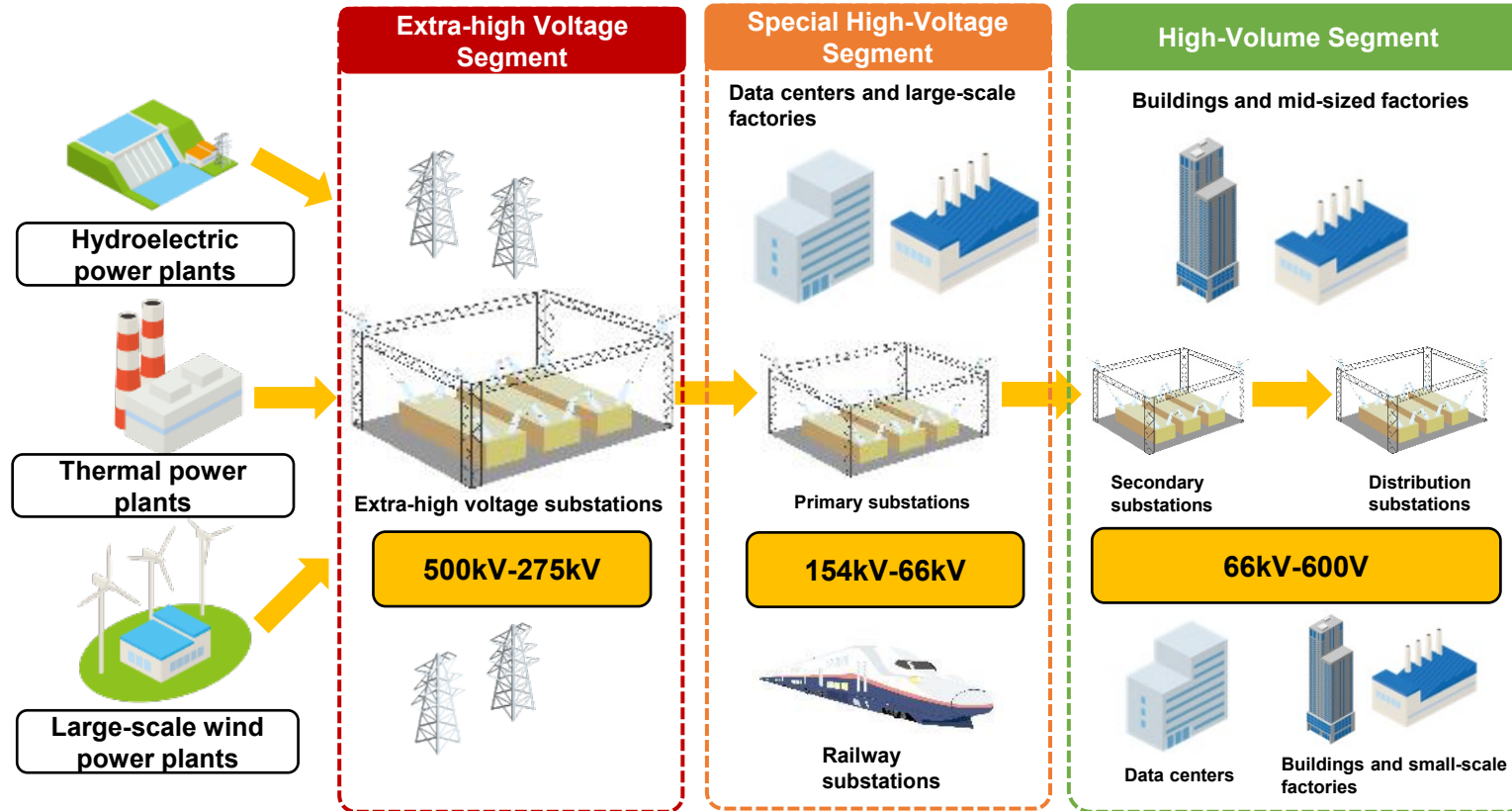
Usable regardless of distribution channel

- Downloadable documents such as specifications, quotations, and invoices
- Online ordering via the EC platform

3. Appendix

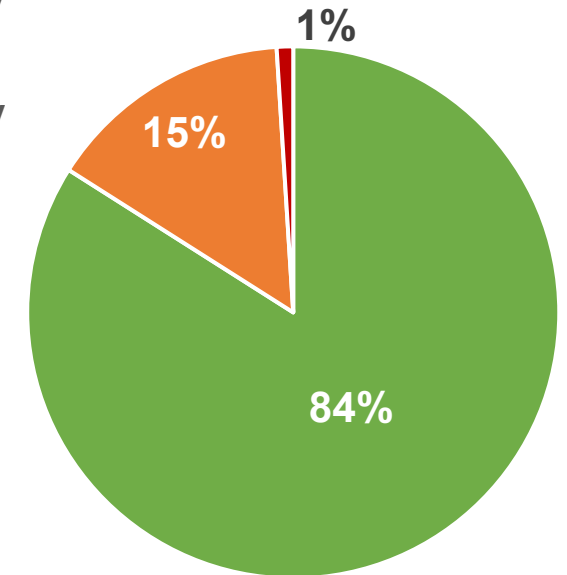
Growth Strategy for the Power Infrastructure Business: Sales and Market Share by Voltage Class

Across voltage classes, we cover a wide range from extra-high voltage to the high-demand 600V segment. **Our estimated share of the substation market in FY2025E is 63% for utility substations and 93% for private-sector substations. However, much of this share is concentrated in the 66 kV segment. Going forward, we aim to improve profitability by capturing scarce share in the extra-high voltage segment (500–275 kV) and the special high-voltage segment (154–66 kV).**



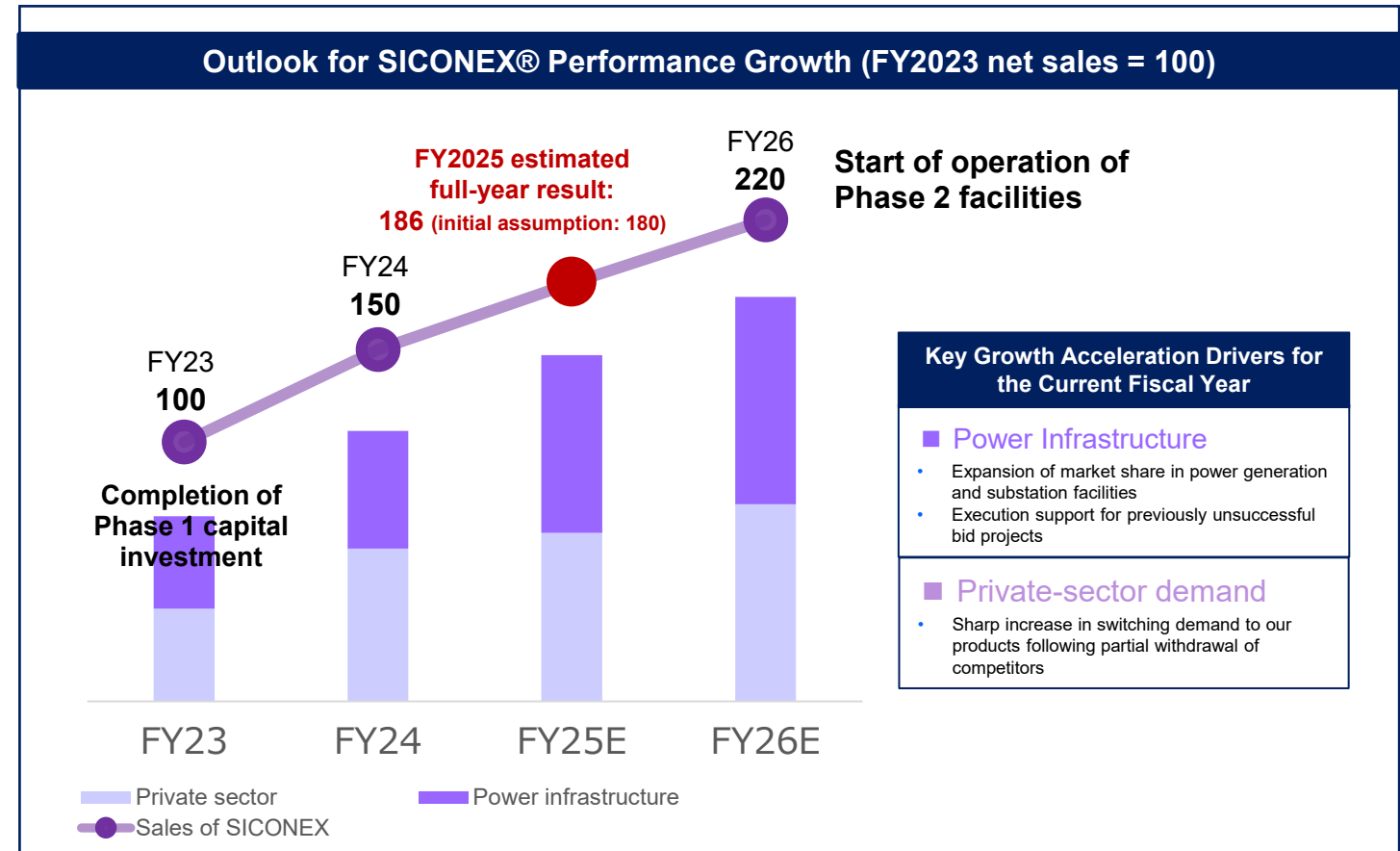
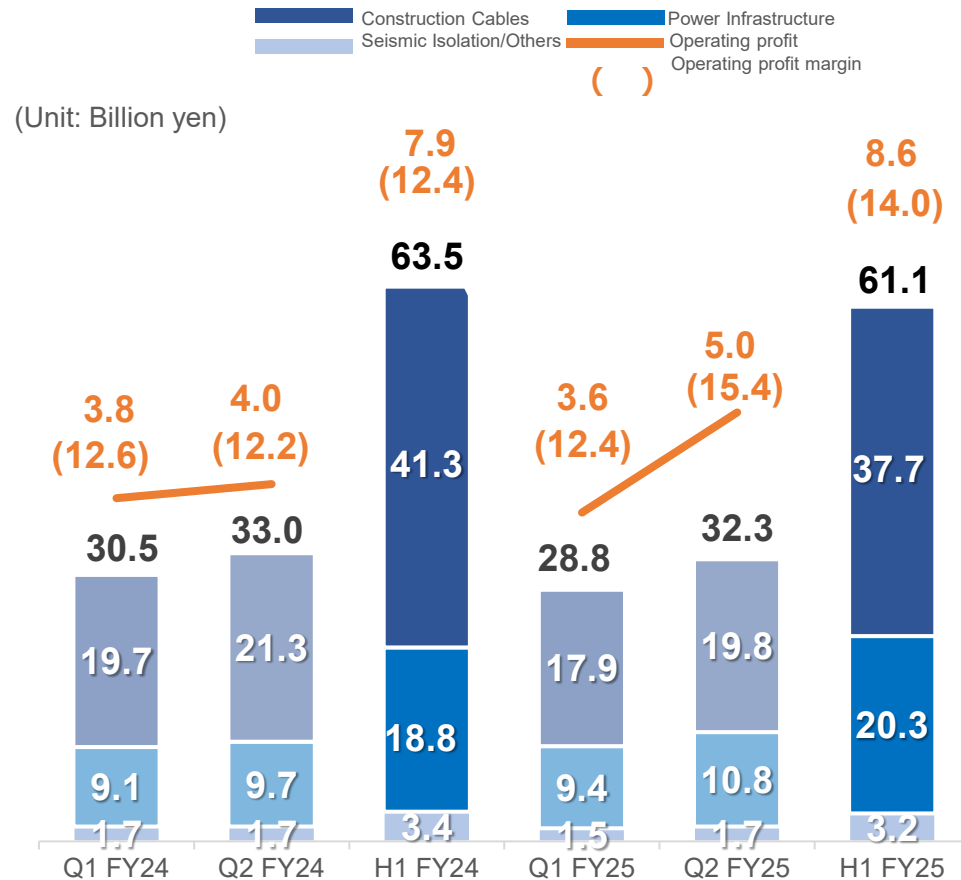
■ 22kV/33kV/66kV/77kV
■ 154kV
■ 275kV

Sales Mix by Voltage Class in the Power Infrastructure Business



Q2 FY2025 Results by Segment: Energy and Infrastructure Business

For domestic Construction Cables, the decline seen in Q1 showed signs of recovery in Q2. In the Power Infrastructure business, although net sales decreased due to the withdrawal from aluminum overhead power lines, operating profit increased YoY driven by higher construction volumes and improved value-added across the business, **resulting in YoY net sales down 3.7% and operating profit up 8.5%.**



Growth Strategy for the Power Infrastructure Business: Capex Plan to Meet Further Demand Growth

Against the backdrop of progress toward a decarbonized society, we expect further expansion in replacement demand for aging equipment in the substation market and in demand to strengthen transmission and distribution networks. Accordingly, we will implement **new capital investment of approximately 2.0 billion yen** (Phase 2 capacity expansion). **We plan to expand sales to 220% of FY2023 levels during FY2026.**

■ Background and Objective

With grid resilience initiatives and renewable-energy related demand remaining strong amid decarbonization, we will further strengthen initiatives to expand share in the substation market.

■ Capex Details

Capacity expansion for SICONEX®, our power connection product line (2.0 billion yen). Expansion will be carried out within the existing manufacturing building at our Sagamihara plant.

■ Expected Impact

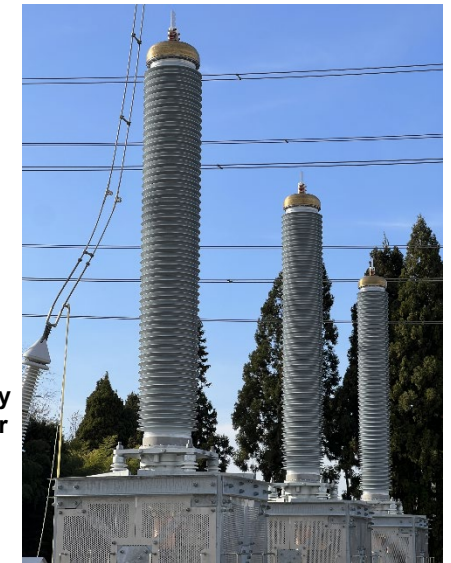
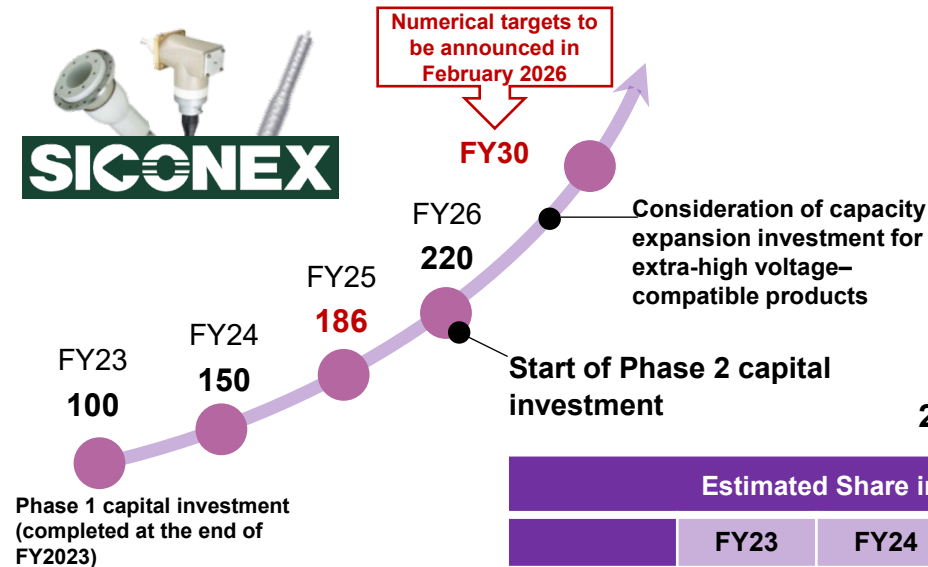
We plan to increase sales to 220% of FY2023 net sales results during FY2026.

■ Capex Schedule

Starting in FY2025, we plan a phased replacement and expansion of production lines within the plant, with contribution to net sales expected to begin in FY2026 (construction completion planned in FY2026–FY2027).

SICONEX® Net Sales Growth Plan

* FY2023 results = 100

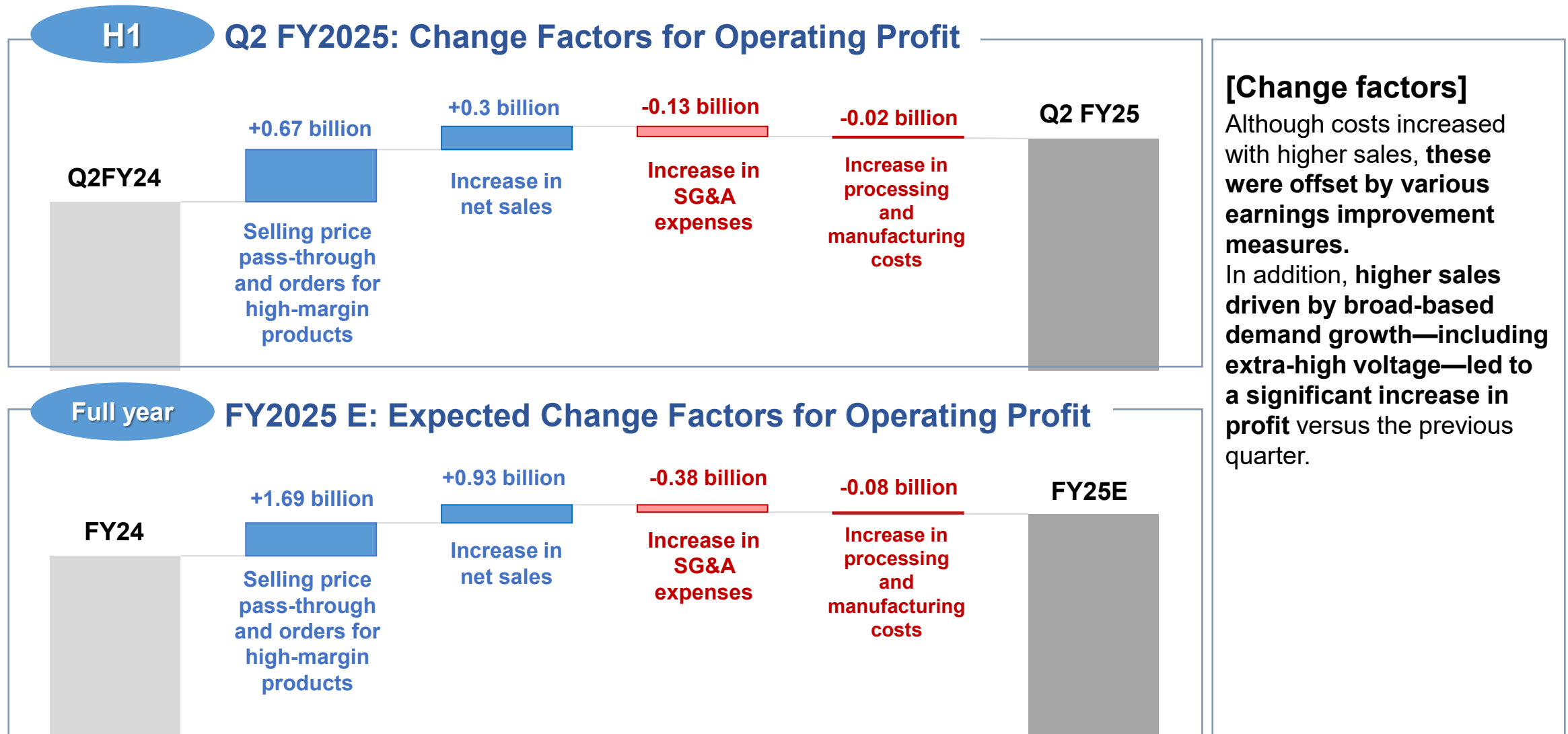


275 kV air-insulated termination

Estimated Share in the Substation Market

	FY23	FY24	FY25E	FY26E	FY30E
Utility substations	51%	58%	63%	71%	88%
Private-sector substations	93%	93%	93%	94%	95%

Analysis of Changes in Operating Profit for the Power Infrastructure Business





Creating for the Future

SWCC Corporation

<https://www.swcc.co.jp>

Forward-looking statements in this document are based on information available at the time of publication and contain potential risks and uncertainties.

Therefore, actual results may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Such factors that may affect actual results include economic conditions, demand trends, and fluctuations in raw material prices and exchange rates.

Factors that may affect business performance include, but are not limited to, the above.